#### WHAT IS CREDIT

#### **Business credit bureaus**

There are three main business credit bureaus. Each bureau has a different way of evaluating a company's credit score. In most cases, a higher score is favorable, indicating that the business has a lower risk of missing payments or defaulting on loans.

#### **Dun & Bradstreet**

This company issues several different scores, including:

### Paydex Score (1–100)

This is its primary scoring system for rating a company's creditworthiness. Scores of 80 or more are favorable and indicate a lower risk for missing payments or defaulting on loans.

## Failure Score (1,001–1875)

Lower scores equal higher risk for bankruptcy.

#### **Delinquency Score**

In this case, a lower score is favorable, indicating that a business has a lower risk of bankruptcy or late payments.

#### **Equifax**

This company also issues several different scores based on varying factors. Scoring systems include:

### Payment Index Score (0–100)

A good score is 90 or more points.

# Credit Risk Score (101–992)

Businesses with a higher score are considered less likely to be delinquent on payments.

## Business Failure Score (1,001–1,875)

Lower scores equal higher risk for bankruptcy.

#### **Experian**

This company has two main scoring systems:

## Business Credit Score (0–100)

The higher the score, the better.

#### Financial Stability Risk Rating (1–5)

A low score is favorable, showing that you are less likely to default on a loan.

